Data Analysis & Probability

Connecting Math Ideas: Statistics help us analyze, interpret and present large quantities of numerical data.

Teaching Tip: Teaching probability and fractions simultaneously strengthens students' understanding of each concept. Also, connecting statistics to other subjects throughout the year broadens students understanding of data. For example, do a statistical analysis of the length or number of syllables in a set of vocabulary words (mode, median, mean and range). Study graphs in social studies and science books. Create graphs using classroom data.

Probability	Statistics	Graphing
This is what your students should be able to articulate	This is what your students should be able to articulate	This is what your students should be able to articulate
 probability is used every day probability is expressed as a fraction, decimal or percent probability exists between 0 (impossible) and 1(certain) 	 range describes the spread of the data and can be calculated by subtracting the smallest value from the largest value average or central tendency is a number that describes a typical value for the data. It may be expressed as mode (What number appears most often?) median (What number is in the middle when the values are arranged in numerical order?) or mean, (What number is the result of the sum of the values divided by the number of values?) 	there are many different kinds of graphs to help us display data
Probability and You	Calculating Mean, Median, Mode and Ranges	Tornados in the US: A Picture Graph
Probability Intro	Understanding Mean, Median, and Range Helps You Learn How to do a Statistical Analysis	Comparing Picture, Line and Bar Graphs
Probability is always between 0 and 1	Statistical Analysis Puzzle	Circle Graphs
Probability	Statistics: Mean or Average	Plotting World Water
Probability and the U.S. map	Standard Deviation	Scatter Plots
Probability with Spinners	A Jelly Bean Counting Contest	Box & Whisker Plot

Calculate Probability DependentEvents	Stem & Leaf / Box & Whisker Plots
Experimental Probability	
Theoretical Probability	
Successive Events: Independent and Dependent	